

Austrian Energy Agency

Reinforcement and further development of the internal energy market – focus Croatia



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AUSTRIAN ENERGY AGENCY – FACTS & FIGURES

Austria's National Energy Agency; association founded in 1977:

President: Minister of Environment

Nikolaus Berlakovich



♣ Vice President: Minister of Economy

Reinhold Mitterlehner



Governor of relevant federal state

Guenther Platter



- Independent Think Tank basic decision to implementation in areas:
 - Sustainable and secure energy systems particularly "Energy efficiency"
 - Renewable energy sources (RES)
 - Innovative energy technologies



AUSTRIAN ENERGY AGENCY – FACTS & FIGURES

- 4 70 employees; turn over around € 7 million
- About 50 association members from:
 - Politics: Ministries, Provinces, Association of Austrian Cities and Towns
 - Economy: Energy companies (electricity/gas), Austrian Federal Forests insurance companies, consultants etc.
 - Stakeholder and organisations: Austrian Federal Economic Chamber,
 Federation of Austrian Industry,
 Association for Consumer Information
 - Scientific Institutions: WIFO, LEV, Energy Institute Vorarlberg etc.
- ♣ Long standing and experienced co-operation within projects and networks on:
 - National as well as EU level (leading several EU-financed projects)
 - International level mainly in CEE/SEE; partners: UNIDO, EBRD, WB etc.



EXTENSION OF EUROPEAN UNION



1st July 2013 is approaching very quickly



CROATIA – LEGAL BASIS in ENERGY SECTOR

- Croatia is prepared for EU from legal framework perspective:
 - Contracting Party of Energy Community, thus to implement among others – the "Acquis communautaire on energy":
 - Directive 2003/54/EC ("Electricity Directive")
 - Directive 2003/55/EC "Gas Directive")
 - Regulation (EC) No 1228/2003 (conditions for access to network for cross border exchanges in electricity)
 - Directive 2004/67/EC ("Security of gas supply"); Ministerial Council Decision in December 2007)
 - Regulation (EC) No 1775/2005 (Ministerial Council Decision 2007)
 - Energy Chapter in accession process required implementation of same legislative basis in due time



CROATIA – LEGAL BASIS IN ENERGY SECTOR "THIRD PACKAGE"

- Croatia is prepared for EU from legal framework perspective:
 - In the phase of transposition and implementation of "3rd Package"
 - Directive 2009/72/EC ("Electricity Directive")
 - Directive 2009/73/EC ("Gas Directive")
 - Regulation (EC) No 713/2009 (establishing an Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators)
 - Regulation (EC) No 714/2009 (conditions for access to network for cross border exchanges in electricity)
 - Regulation (EC) No 715/2009 (conditions for access to the natural gas transmission networks)
 - Regulation (EC) No 994/2010 (Security of supply Regulation)
 - Preparing technical framework for functioning of the system(s)



CROATIA – ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE

- Croatia is prepared for EU from energy infrastructure angle:
 - Stable and reliable electricity system
 - Developed gas infrastructure continuos extension
 - Prospective major gas infrastructure projects:
 - Ionian Adriatic Pipeline (IAP) link to Trans Adriatic Pipeline (TAP)
 - LNG terminal
 - Branch of South Stream
 - Prospective major oil infrastructure project(s)
 - Pan European Oil Pipeline
 - Oil stocks



CROATIA VANTAGE POINT FOR FURTHER GASIFICATION OF SEE



Source: http://www.entsog.eu/download/maps/2012/ENTSOG_CAP_MAY2012_UPDATED.pdf; adapted by AEA



CROATIA

SECURITY OF SUPPLY STATUS IN ELECTRICITY SECTOR

- Cold snap in February 2012:
 - ♣ Highest-ever peak demand in Croatia, Bulgaria, Austria, France etc.
 - ♣ At same time restricted generation due to low level of water in HPPs and heavy snow, thus difficulties to transport fuel to power stations
 - As a result high transit flows from North Germany via Poland, Slovakia and Czech Republic to SEE region
 - Very close cooperation among relevant TSOs needed in order to manage the highly stressed situation
 - Highly loaded cross-border capacities; internal system constraints



CROATIA SECURITY OF SUPPLY STATUS IN ELECTRICITY SECTOR



Source: European Commission: Building a Pan European Electricity Market; Athens Electricity Forum; Athens, 27th June 2012

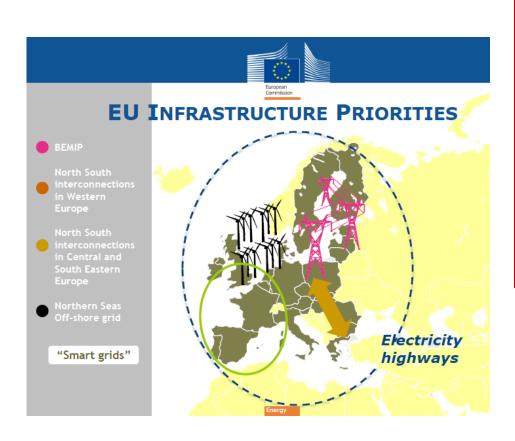


CROATIA SECURITY OF SUPPLY STATUS IN GAS SECTOR

- Impacts of the gas supply restrictions in January 2009:
 - State of emergeny was proclaimed 7th January 2009; suspended 22nd January
 - Reduction of supplies to group of specific customers
 - Emergency imports from EU MS
 - 45.4% of enterprises were negatively impacted by the gas crisis
 - In the meanwhile completion of supportive infrastructure like:
 - Interconnector Hungary Croatia
 - Cooperation with promoters of huge trunk lines



CROATIA "NORTH-SOUTH INTERCONNECTIONS IN CEE /SEE"



Croatia important part of:

"North-South Interconnections in CEE and SEE" (electricity highways)

thus contributing to:

- Enhancement of SoS
- Diversification of sources and routes
- Increase in competition

Source: European Commission:; Building a Pan European Electricity Market; Athens Electricity Forum; Athens, 27th June 2012; adapted by AEA



CROATIA"NORTH-SOUTH GAS INTERCONNECTIONS"



Croatia contributing to:
"North–South Gas
Interconnections"
thus contributing to:

- Enhancement of SoS
- Diversification of, sources and routes
- Increase in competition

Source: European Commission:; North-South Interconnections; SEE Working Group Project Proposals 7th Gas Forum, Bled, Slovenia, 27th September 2012; adapted by AEA

Gas flow model (existing grid)



CROATIA "INVESTMENTS IN ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE"

- Further investments in energy sector, including RES, needed:
 - Achieve the intended:
 - Security of supply and security of operation level
 - Supply quality level
 - Grade of competition
 - Share of RES (20/20/20 goals)
 - Access to a multitude of energy sources in particular natural gas
 - Degree of grids (diversified routes) considering specifics of RES
 - Storage capacities (injection/withdrawl rate and volumes)
 - Provide the proper key infrastructure requested by industry, and serving as basis for the development of rural and urban areas



CROATIA "INVESTMENTS IN ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE"

- Investors seek for at least:
 - ♣ A reasonable rate of return depending on the risks
 - Predictability and stability
 - Incentives for high-risk investments
 - Acknowledgement of justified cost based on efficient operation
- Justified cost are the basis for deviation of tariff structures which:
 - Should be fair according to the input involved
 - Provide incentives for usage of the capacities
 - Avoid hoarding of capacities
 - Etc.



CROATIA "TARIFF STRUCTURES – SUPPORT SCHEMES"

- BUT such tariffs could cause difficulties in terms of affordability for:
 - Customers with low income
 - Poor and elderly people
 - ♣ Etc.
- Therefore schemes are needed:

 - which are not in favour of certain forms of energy if not intended
 - … to incentivize diligent usage of energy
 - ... to support energy efficiency
 - u ... etc.



CONCLUSIONS FOR TWINNING PROJECT

- Austrian Energy Agency as partner of E- Control in this important and challenging project – will primarily deal with:
 - ♣ Provision of ideas respectively description of existing (implemented) schemes in relation to affordability of tariffs linked with the commodity
 - Respective recommendations developed by regulators of EU-MS, taking the specifics of Croatia into account
 - Security of supply issues
- Since all of these issues are closely linked with other project topics:
 - Close and fruitful cooperation is needed with our partners from:
 - Croatia and
 - E-Control



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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